2.5.1.

Mechanism of internal assessment is transparent and robust in terms of frequency and mode 2022-2023



2.5.1. Mechanism of internal assessment is transparent and robust in terms of frequency and mode

The college has transparent and robust evaluation process in terms of frequency and mode. In order to ensure transparency of internal assessment, the system of internal assessment is communicated with the students well in time. The Principal holds meetings for the faculty and directs them to ensure effective implementation of the evaluation process. At the entry level, admissions are given purely on merit basis and the lists of merit students are displayed on Notice board. Students who are admitted for the concerned course are assessed continuously through various evaluation processes at college and University level. Continuous evaluation is made through Group Discussion, Unit Tests, Assignments Submission, Field Visit / Field Work and Seminars Presentation. Unit tests are conducted regularly as per the schedule given in academic calendar. The weightage for the unit tests varies as per the concerned faculty. The performance of the students is displayed on the Notice board and communicated to the students. Personal guidance is given to the poor performing the students after their assessment. Students appearing for Second /third year are asked to deliver the seminars of the concerned subject. Topics are given by their teachers to the students to prepare for power point presentation. For transparent and robust for internal assessment, the following mechanisms are conducted

- > Internal Examination Committee.
- Question Paper Setting.
- > Conduct of Examination
- > Result display

Interaction with students regarding their internal assessment.

The method of internal assessment helps the teachers to evaluate the students more appropriately. Due to internal assessment, the interest of the student towards learning and attending the classes has been also increased. It has created the interest among the students to take active participation in various co-curricular and extra-curricular activities for their overall personality development. The seminar presentation improves



Principal
Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy
Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 001



VAAGDEVI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University , Warangal, T.S) Ramnagar Dist. Hanumakonda-506001, [T.S]

the communication skills of the students which is very essential to face the interviews. In this way mechanism of internal assessment is transparent and robust in terms of frequency and mode.

Principal
Jaagdevi College of Pharmacy
Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 001

8

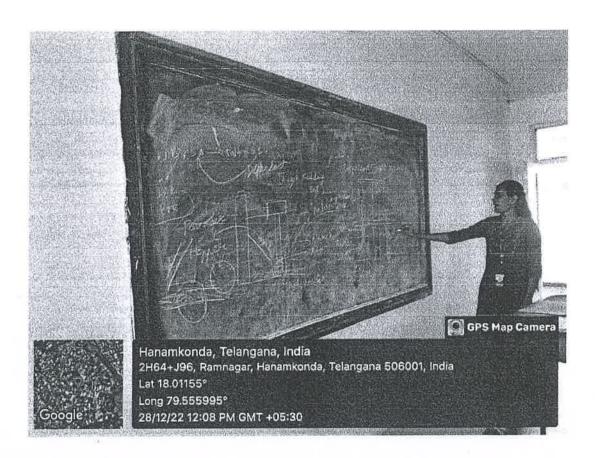
Principal
Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy
Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 004





VAAGDEVI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University , Warangal, T.S) Ramnagar Dist. Hanumakonda-506001, (T.S)









VAAGDEVI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Approved by AICTE & PCI, New Delhi & affiliated to Kakatiya University, Warangal, T.S) Ramnagar Dist. Hanumakonda- 506001, (T.S)

Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy, Ramnagar, Hanamkonda.

M.Pharm II Sem II -Sessional Theory Examination, August 2023

SUB: Quality Control & Quality Assurance (MPA 203T), Max. Marks: 25,

Time: 90 Min
Dept: PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYSIS

CO1: To understand accreditation bodies ISO9000 & 14000, NABL & OSHA 18000.

CO2: To learn Organization, & Personal, responsibilities, Premises & Equipments.

CO3: To study the Manufacture and Control on dosage forms.

CO4: To know about Packaging & labelling controls & Quality control laboratory.

CO5: Aware of Distribution & distribution records, Complaints and recalls.

Answer any five of the following & each question carries 5 marks

- Discuss in detail the quality review, quality audits and batch release document. [CO4] [BTL 6]
- Dissect the guideline for Quality Assurance of Human Blood Products and large volume parenterals.
 [CO3] [BTL 4]
- Illustrate the Distribution and Distribution records, Handling of returned goods, recovered materials and reprocessing. [CO5] [BTL 2]
- Explain about packaging and labelling controls, line clearance and other packaging materials. [CO4] [BTL2]
- 5. Find the manufacturing documents, master formula and batch formula records. [CO3]
- 6. Select a note on complaints and recalls, evaluation of complaints recall procedures, related records and documents. [CO5] [BTL5]

	Assessment											Total	
	RUBRICS	POI	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	POH	-
CO-1	3					ļ						#### X	-
CO - 2	3							-					
CO - 3	3												
CO - 4	3							l				-	

co-5 3

Principal
Vaagdevi College of Pharm

Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 00 Ha

ONEVI COLLEGE

VAAGDEVI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY

(Affiliated to Kakatiya University & Approved by AICTE & PCI)
KISHANPURA, HANAMKONDA - 506 001, Warangal, Telangana.
I/II INTERNAL ASSESSMENT EXAMINATION

SESSIONAL ANSWER BOOKLET

Hall Ticke	et No. 117216002						
Vame of	the Student: E. Salavua						
- 180	and the state of t						
Course:	D-AYUMACI						
Subject :	Experimental pharmacology. Marks: (260)						
Signature of the Invigilator Signature of the Valuer							
	W Chy						
—)	Anuser all 12 to a selection of the sele						
	Lot are NSAID'S 9 give some Examples?						
	Explain Significance of sever Research methodology in screening						
3)	18t nut Screening method antihypersentive						
3	Anthulcer drug dassificats						
5)	screening Methods for some?						
T)	short						
6)	Describe any I method for screening of anti-authomatic?						
<u>+)</u>	write steps involved in selector of Topic & imp of Lik?						
8	Discuss in detail about pylorous ingato method?						
5							
	Long						
9)	Disaiss any 2 Screening Mothods for anti-arithumic drugs?						
10)	Folist Screening Methods for anti-concer draigs, explain any						
그 걸. 네	2 Screening Methods ?						
	Screening Methods? Principal Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy						
	Vaagdevi College of Pharmacy Hanamkonda, Warangal-506 001						

- William I was the 1. Deline poetomulation and classify the properties to determine the preformulation
- 2. a) Differentiate blu Crystalline and amorphous. 6) Erantitotropic polymorphs & monotropic polymorphy
- worste a short note on chemical proporties of Pictornulation.

1: preformulation is debined as the perocess of stage and susearch development process and prebomulation Studies can be characterised by physical and Chemical properties of a new daug substance order to develop a stable safe and the deug substance Classibication.

preboonulations,

Bulk characteris

in Vin I

> Pavilition Coefficient

Solutiunstation Solubily 7 Particlesize > Dissociation contant , Coystallinity > common ion ebbect 7 Crystallography -> Intrasic solubility , polymorphism -> Dissolution of low properties. -> Solubility

Stablish > Solvent soluble

-) soud solutie

activity

2) B) Polymorphism.

Principal Man one crystaline tom of a substance

19 450 TOLK